

**Trust deed for
Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust
(SQCT)**

Contents

Table of contents

1.	Name	3
2.	Definitions and interpretation	3
	2.1. Definitions.....	3
	2.2. Interpretation	6
	2.3. Headings	6
3.	Name of Trust	6
4.	The Trustee	6
	4.1. The Trustee.....	6
	4.2. Appointment of a new trustee	6
5.	Declaration of Trust	6
6.	Trust Purpose	7
	6.1. Trust has charitable purpose.....	7
	6.2. Principal purpose	7
	6.3. Not-for-profit entity	7
	6.4. In Australia	7
	6.5. Invited to contribute.....	7
7.	Public Fund	7
	7.1. A deductible gift recipient.....	7
	7.2. Policies and rules	8
	7.2.1.1. The public fund must meet the requirements of section 30-130 of subdivision 30-F of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i>	8
	7.2.1.2. It must not pay any of its profits or financial surplus, or give any of its property, to its members, beneficiaries, controllers or owners.....	8
	7.2.1.3. It agrees to comply with any rules that the Treasury Minister and the *Arts Minister make to ensure that gifts made to the fund are used only for its principal purpose.	8
	7.2.1.4. It agrees to give the *Arts Secretary, at intervals of 6 months, statistical information about gifts made to the public fund during the last 6 months.	8
	7.3. Payment and application of the Trust Fund	8
	7.4. Maintaining the gift fund	8
	7.5. Sub-funds	8
	7.6. Factors Trustee may consider.....	9
8.	Winding up or revocation of Endorsement	9
9.	Transaction that is uncommercial and benefits	10
	9.1. Transaction that is uncommercial	10
	9.2. Prohibition on use of power to achieve benefits	10
10.	Qualifications of Trustee	10
	10.1 Corporation.....	10
	10.2 Other Trustees	10
	10.3 Qualifications not met.....	11
11.	Trustee's powers	11
	11.1. General Powers	11
	11.2. Investment and Other Powers.....	11

Contents

11.3.	Powers are supplementary	12
12.	Compliance	12
13.	Indemnity for breaches of trust	13
13.1.	Indemnity	13
13.2.	Limitations	13
14.	Administration of Trust	13
14.1.	Sole and ancillary purposes of the Trust.....	13
14.2	Portability.....	14
14.3	General Management Obligations	14
15	Returns, and giving material to the Commissioner in compliance with Australian law and the Relevant Law	14
15.1	Returns	14
15.2	Requirements about giving material to the Commissioner	15
15.3	Valuation	15
15.4	Trustee to keep accounts.....	15
15.5	Financial statements	15
15.6	Audit or Review	15
15.7	Receipts	15
15.8	Investment strategy.....	16
16	Board and Advisory Committees	16
16.1	Board and Advisory Committee	16
17	Amending the Trust Deed	16
17.1	General.....	16
18	Trustee's remuneration and expenses	17
19	General	17
19.1	Receipts by others	17
19.2	Trustee's discretions and powers.....	17
19.3	Personal interest of Trustee.....	17
19.4	Delegation of powers	18
19.5	Trustee's decisions	18
20	Governing law	18
21	Execution and Date of Commencement	19

1. Name

The Trust is to be known as Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust.

2. Definitions and interpretation

2.1. Definitions

In this deed:

Term	Meaning
ACNC Act	<i>Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012</i>
Associate	as outlined in section 318 of the ITAA 36.
Board & Advisory Committee	a committee established under clause 14
Charitable	Charitable within: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the Governing Law; and the laws of the Commonwealth.
Commissioner	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• the Commissioner of Taxation, a Second Commissioner of Taxation or a Deputy Commissioner of Taxation for the purposes of the ITAA 97.
Commissioner of the ACNC	the Commissioner of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission for the purposes of the ACNC Act.
Deductible Contribution	a contribution of money or property as described in item 7 or item 8 of the table in section 30-15 of the ITAA 97 in relation to a fundraising event held for the purpose of the Trust.
Donor	the donor of a Gift or a Deductible Contribution to the Trust.
Eligible Entity	a fund, authority or institution: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. which is Charitable or would be a 'charity' within the meaning of the Charities Act 2013 (Cth) if it were not a 'government entity' as defined in that Act; and

gifts to which are deductible under item 1 of the table in section 30-15 of ITAA 97.

Financial Year	2. the period from the date of this deed to the following 31 December and then each period of 12 months beginning on 1 January and ending on 31 December in each year or such other period as agreed to by the Commissioner.
-----------------------	--

Gift	a gift as described in item 2 of the table in section 30-15 of the ITAA 97 to the Trust.
-------------	--

Governing Law	the laws of the jurisdiction named in clause 17.
----------------------	--

ITAA 36	the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> .
----------------	---

ITAA 97	the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> .
----------------	---

Officer	Officer of the Trustee includes a member of the executive management committee or any other controlling body of the Trustee.
----------------	--

Private ancillary fund	a trust that is a private ancillary fund as described in section 426-105 of schedule 1 to the TAA 53 and endorsed by the Commissioner as a deductible gift recipient under Subdivision 30-BA of ITAA 97.
-------------------------------	--

Public ancillary fund	a trust that is a public ancillary fund as described in section 426-102 of schedule 1 to the TAA 53 and endorsed by the Commissioner as a deductible gift recipient under Subdivision 30-BA of ITAA 97
------------------------------	--

Public ancillary fund guidelines	the Public ancillary fund guidelines, as in force from time to time, made under section 426-103 of Schedule 1 to the TAA 53.
---	--

Relevant Law	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1 the Public ancillary fund guidelines;2 an Act of which the Commissioner has the general administration (including a part of an Act to the extent to which the Commissioner has the general administration of the part);3 regulations under such an Act (including such a part of an Act);4 where the Trust is registered as a charity under the ACNC Act, an Act of which the Commissioner of the ACNC has the general administration (including a part of an Act to the extent to which the Commissioner of the ACNC has the general administration of the part);5 regulations under such an Act (including such a part of an Act); and any other statute, regulation or law applicable to Public
---------------------	--

ancillary funds.

Responsible Person an individual who:

- 1 performs a significant public function;
- 2 is a member of a professional body having a code of ethics or rules of conduct;
- 3 is officially charged with spiritual functions by a religious institution;
- 4 is a director of a company whose shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange;
- 5 has received formal recognition from government for services to the community;
- 6 is an individual before whom a statutory declaration may be made; or
- 7 is approved as a Responsible Person by the Commissioner.

Settled Sum 8 \$100.

TAA 53 the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

Trust the Trust established under this deed.

Trustee the person named in this deed as the Trustee and any other Trustee for the time being of the Trust.

Trust Fund

- 1 the Settled Sum;
- 2 all money, investments and assets paid or transferred to and accepted by the Trustee as additions to the Trust Fund including all Gifts and Deductible Contributions;
- 3 all income of the Trust Fund including income earned or to which it is entitled;
- 4 all accretions to the Trust Fund;
- 5 all accumulations of income;
- 6 all money, investments and property from time to time representing the above or into which they are converted;

and includes any part of the Trust Fund.

Trust Purpose the purpose outlined in clause 6.

2.2. Interpretation

In this deed unless the context requires otherwise:

- 2.2.1. the singular (including defined terms) includes the plural and the plural includes the singular, and words of any gender include all genders;
- 2.2.2. a reference to this deed means this deed as originally executed and as from time to time lawfully amended;
- 2.2.3. a reference to any legislation or legislative instrument or a provision of any legislation or legislative instrument, includes any amendment to that legislation or legislative instrument or provision, any consolidation or replacement of that legislation or legislative instrument or provision, and any subordinate legislation or legislative instrument made under that legislation or legislative instrument; and
- 2.2.4. a reference to a donation includes a Gift.

2.3. Headings

Headings are used for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this deed.

2.4 Application of Operative Provisions

Unless the context requires otherwise, the terms of this Deed will apply to the Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) on and from the Date of Commencement. The date of commencement shall be the date of execution as per clause 21 of this Deed.

3. Name of Trust

The Trust is named the Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT). Australian Business Number (ABN): 90 127 314 927.

4. The Trustee

4.1. The Trustee

The Trustee is the Shree Sanatan Dharam Hindu Association of Qld Inc. (SSDHAQ). At the time of this Deed SSDHAQ, when acting in its own right and not as a trustee is recognized by having the Australian Business Number 58 660 221 760.

4.2. Appointment of a new trustee

The Trustee may retire at any time and appoint a new Trustee.

5. Declaration of Trust

The Trustee declare that the Trust must hold the Trust Fund on the trusts, with the powers and subject to the provisions in this deed.

6. Trust Purpose

6.1. Trust has charitable purpose

Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is a Charitable Trust and is a purpose trust pursuant to which the Trustee may provide for all and any purposes that are charitable including any Specific Charitable Purposes it may accept and may not provide for any purposes that are not charitable as the meanings of charity and charitable purpose evolve from time to time.

1. Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is intended to continue in perpetuity.
2. Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is a public fund and the public must be invited to donate to the Trust.

6.2. Principal purpose

The 'principal purpose of Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is in the promotion of Cultural activities in the areas of Performing Arts including Dance and Music

6.3. Not-for-profit entity

The Trust is established as and must operate as a not-for-profit entity.

6.4. In Australia

The Trust is established in and must operate only in Australia.

6.5. Invited to contribute

The public must be invited to contribute to the fund.

7. Public Fund

7.1. A deductible gift recipient

1. Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is a Public Ancillary Fund and must comply in all regards with the laws and regulations governing deductible gift recipients that are Public Ancillary Funds.
2. Sanatan QLD Cultural Trust (SQCT) is a public fund and the public must be invited to donate to the Trust.

7.2. Policies and rules

- 7.2.1.1. The public fund must meet the requirements of section 30-130 of subdivision 30-F of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.
- 7.2.1.2. It must not pay any of its profits or financial surplus, or give any of its property, to its members, beneficiaries, controllers or owners.
- 7.2.1.3. It agrees to comply with any rules that the Treasury Minister and the *Arts Minister make to ensure that gifts made to the fund are used only for its principal purpose.
- 7.2.1.4. It agrees to give the *Arts Secretary, at intervals of 6 months, statistical information about gifts made to the public fund during the last 6 months.

7.3. Payment and application of the Trust Fund

- 7.3.1. The Trustee must pay or apply the Trust Fund solely for the purpose of providing money, property or benefits to or for Eligible Entities or the establishment of Eligible Entities as the Trustee decides, in accordance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines.
- 7.3.2. Where gifts to an Eligible Entity are deductible only if, among other things, the conditions set out in the relevant table item in Subdivision 30-B of ITAA 97 are satisfied, a payment or application of the Trust Fund must be made in accordance with those conditions.

7.4. Maintaining the gift fund

The trust fund must maintain for the principal purpose of the fund, authority or institution a fund (the gift fund):

- a) to which gifts of money or property for that purpose are to be made; and
- b) to which contributions described in item 7 or 8 of the table in section 30-15 in relation to a fund-raising event held for that purpose are to be made; and
- c) to which any money received by the entity because of such gifts or contributions is to be credited; and
- d) that does not receive any other money or property.
- e) The trust fund must use the gift fund only for the principal purpose of the fund, authority or institution.
- f) The trust fund must use a gift or contribution made to the fund and any money credited to the fund only for the principal purpose of the fund, authority or institution to which the gift, contribution or money relates.
- g) The trust fund must keep appropriate records for each of the funds, authorities or institutions under section 382-15 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

7.5. Sub-funds

- (a) The Trustee may maintain a management account in respect of Gifts and Deductible Contributions from a particular donor or group of donors.
- (b) The management account may be used to record receipts from a donor or group of donors, money received because of those Gifts and Deductible Contributions and payments or applications from the management account.
- (c) The donor or group of donors (or persons nominated by the donor or group of donors) may make requests or indicate preferences, as to the name of the management account, and as to the payments or applications from the account.

- (d) The Trustee is under no obligation to comply, and the Trustee may not agree or give an assurance that it will comply, with any request or preference.
- (e) The management account forms part of the Trust Fund and is not a separate fund.
- (f) The management account may not be separately invested or be separately accounted for in the statutory financial statements of the Trust.
- (g) The Trustee may at any time cease to maintain the management account and account for the money and investments in the general accounts for the Trust Fund.
- (h) The Trustee may provide reports of the investments and application of the management account to the donor or group of donors but is not under an obligation to do so.
- (i) The Trustee may formulate rules and policies relating to the maintenance of the management account provided they are not contrary to this Trust Deed or any requirements of the Commissioner.

7.6. Factors Trustee may consider

In exercising its discretions under clause 7.3, the Trustee may have regard to:

- 7.6.1. any recommendations of the Board or the Advisory Committee; and
- 7.6.2. the provisions and objects, so far as they are consistent with the Trust Purpose, of any other trust (including a Trust established by a testamentary instrument) where:
 - 7.6.2.1. the capital of the other trust has been transferred to or otherwise vested in the Trustee to hold on the Trusts of this deed; and
 - 7.6.2.2. the Trustee of the other trust has requested the Trustee to recognise the provisions or objects of the other trust in exercising the Trustee's discretions and powers under this deed.

For the purpose of paying or applying the Trust Fund, the Trustee may:

- 7.6.3. formulate policies;
- 7.6.4. make rules in connection with a policy; and
- 7.6.5. revoke or amend a policy or rule and formulate others.

8. Winding up or revocation of Endorsement

If upon the winding-up or dissolution of the public fund listed on the Register of Cultural Organisations, or its endorsement as a deductible gift recipient is revoked, there remains after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property or funds, the property or funds shall not be paid to or distributed among its members, but shall be given or transferred to some other fund, authority or institution having objects similar to the objects of this public fund, and whose rules shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income among its or their members, such fund, authority or institution to be eligible for tax deductibility of donations under Subdivision 30-B, section 30-100, of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

9. Transaction that is uncommercial and benefits

9.1. Transaction that is uncommercial

- 9.1.1. The Trustee may not enter into any transaction that is uncommercial when entered into, unless the transaction is:
- 9.1.1.1. with a deductible gift recipient covered by item 1 in the table in section 30-15 of the ITAA 97; and
 - 9.1.1.2. is in course of furtherance of the Trust Purpose;
- unless the transaction is on terms more favourable to the Trust than would otherwise be expected under an arm's length transaction.
- 9.1.2. In clause 9.1.1, a transaction that is uncommercial is the provision of a financial or other benefit on terms which:
- 9.1.2.1. would not be reasonable in the circumstances if the benefit were provided on an arm's length basis; or
 - 9.1.2.2. are more favourable to the recipient than the terms referred to in clause 9.1.2.1;
- and which a reasonable person in the position of the Trustee would not have entered into having regard to all relevant circumstances.

9.2. Prohibition on use of power to achieve benefits

Apart from a payment or application in accordance with clauses 6.3, 9.1, 9.2, 11 or 18, or a payment or application allowed by the Commissioner, no part of the Trust Fund may be paid or applied, directly or indirectly, to or for:

- 9.2.1. a Trustee;
- 9.2.2. a member, director, employee, agent or Officer of a Trustee;
- 9.2.3. a Donor;
- 9.2.4. a Founder; or
- 9.2.5. an Associate of any of these entities.

10. Qualifications of Trustee

10.1 Corporation

- (a) Each Trustee must be a corporation to which paragraph 51(xx) of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act applies or a body corporate that is incorporated in a Territory.
- (b) The board and any other controlling body must comprise three or more persons the majority of which must be Responsible Persons.
- (c) The Responsible Persons must be active members of the Trustee.

10.2 Other Trustees

Despite clause 6.1, where in accordance with the Relevant Law each Trustee need not be a corporation to which paragraph 51(xx) of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act applies or a body corporate that is incorporated in a Territory, each Trustee must be:

- (1) a corporation as described in clause 6.1; or

- (b) three or more persons the majority of which must be Responsible Persons;
- (c) a Public Trustee of a state or territory; or

10.3 Qualifications not met

- (a) If the requirements in clauses 8.1 or 8.2 are at any time not met the Trustee must not exercise any discretion or power until the requirements are met except:
 - 10.1.1.1. for the purpose of exercising a statutory power to appoint a new or additional Trustee;
 - 10.1.1.2. to protect the Trust Fund; or
 - 10.1.1.3. in the case of urgency.
- 10.1.2. If the requirements in clauses 8.1 or 8.2 are at any time not met and if the Trustee does not have or is unable to exercise a statutory power of appointing a new or additional Trustee as outlined in 6.3(a) the Trustee may by writing appoint a new or additional Trustee.

11. Trustee's powers

11.1. General Powers

In addition to all and any powers expressly declared to be powers of the Trustee under the terms of this Deed and all and any powers given to the Trustee by common law, equity or statute, including under the Trusts Act 1973 (Qld) and the Charitable Funds Act (Qld) 1958, the Trustee shall have such powers as are necessary to carry out its responsibilities under this Deed.

Without limiting the generality of the above sub-clause, except where there is an express contrary provision in this Deed, every discretion given to the Trustee is absolute and uncontrolled and every power given to the Trustee is exercisable at its absolute and uncontrolled discretion. This discretion includes the discretion to determine:

- (1) whether any receipt is to be categorised as capital or Income;
- (2) whether any expense, outgoing or other payment ought to be paid out of capital or Income; and,
- (3) all questions and matters of doubt arising in the performance of the terms of this Deed.

Every decision on these matters, whether made on a question actually raised or implied in the acts or proceedings of the Trustee, is conclusive and binds all persons interested under this Deed.

11.2. Investment and Other Powers

The Trustee must invest money of the Trust Fund only in a way in which Trustees are permitted to invest under the laws of Australia or of any State or Territory of Australia and may, to the extent consistent with the Public ancillary fund guidelines and, where relevant, consistent with the Trust's investment strategy:

- 11.2.1. change an investment for any others or vary the terms and conditions on which an investment is held;
- 11.2.2. sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the investments or property of the Trust Fund;
- 11.2.3. borrow or raise or secure the payment of money and secure the repayment of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement in any way and, in particular, by mortgage, charge, lien, encumbrance, debenture or other security, fixed or floating, over any present or future asset of any kind and wherever situated;

- 11.2.4. take and act on the opinion of a barrister practising in Australia in relation to the interpretation or effect of this deed or any of the trusts or powers of this deed without responsibility for any loss or error resulting from doing so, but this provision does not stop the Trustee from applying to a court of competent jurisdiction;
- 11.2.5. take any action for the adequate protection or insurance of any part of the Trust Fund;
- 11.2.6. purchase, draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments of any kind;
- 11.2.7. subject to the trusts of this deed, generally:
 - 11.2.7.1. perform any administrative act; and
 - 11.2.7.2. whether or not the Trustee is under any legal obligation to make the payment, pay or deduct all costs, charges, commissions, stamp duties, imposts, outgoings and expenses:
 - (A) of or incidental to the Trust Fund or its management, winding up, ceasing to be a Public ancillary fund, or revocation of endorsement as a deductible gift recipient under Subdivision 30BA of the ITAA 97; or
 - (B) in connection with the preparation, execution, stamping and amending of this deed; and

other than a payment of, or reimbursement for, any penalties
- 11.2.8. employ and pay or provide any benefit for any employee without being responsible for the default of the employee or for any loss occasioned by the employment;
- 11.2.9. engage and pay any agent, contractor or professional person without being responsible for the default of the agent, contractor or employee or for any loss occasioned by the engagement;
- 11.2.10. accept as part of the Trust Fund any gifts (by will or otherwise), donations, settlements or other dispositions in money, moneys worth or property to or in favour of the Trust Fund and either retain them in their original form without selling or converting them into money, or invest, apply or deal with them in any way that the Trustee may invest, apply or deal with the Trust Fund under this deed;
- 11.2.11. decline or otherwise refuse to accept as part of the Trust Fund any gift (by will or otherwise), donation, settlement or other disposition in money, moneys worth or property;
- 11.2.12. manage any real property it holds with all the powers of an absolute owner including, but not limited to, power to allow any Eligible Entity to occupy the property on the terms and conditions the Trustee thinks fit; and
- 11.2.13. do all other things incidental to the exercise of the Trustee's powers under this deed.

11.3. Powers are supplementary

The powers and discretions in clause 9 are to be treated as supplementary or additional to the powers vested in Trustees by law.

12. Compliance

- 12.1.1. Before exercising a discretion or power vested in the Trustee under any provision of this deed or by law, the Trustee must ensure that the proposed exercise is in accordance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

- 12.1.2. The Trustee must comply with all relevant Australian laws, all legally binding directions given to the Trustee by the Commissioner and all requirements contained in the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

13. Indemnity for breaches of trust

13.1. Indemnity

Subject to clause 13.2, the Trustee and any Officer, agent or employee of the Trustee, where purporting to act in the exercise of the trusts of this deed or in the exercise of powers or discretions under this deed is entitled to be indemnified from the Trust Fund in respect of any loss, liability, costs and expenses relating to:

- 13.1.1.1. entering into this deed or any deed amending this deed;
- 13.1.1.2. establishing, operating, administering, amending, terminating and winding up the Trust; or
- 13.1.1.3. all matters incidental to the Trust; and

all liability incurred (including liability for income tax and any other taxes and all fines and penalties payable in relation to those taxes) and acts and things done in connection with or resulting from the matters referred to above including, but not limited to, the Trustee performing its duties and exercising its powers and discretions under this deed.

13.2. Limitations

Notwithstanding clause 13.1, the Trustee and any Officer, agent or employee of the Trustee is prohibited from being indemnified from the Trust Fund if the loss, liability, cost or expense is attributable to:

- 13.2.1. the dishonesty of that Trustee, Officer, agent or employee of the Trustee;
- 13.2.2. gross negligence or recklessness of that Trustee, Officer, agent or employee of the Trustee;
- 13.2.3. a deliberate act or omission known by that Trustee, Officer, agent or employee of the Trustee to be a breach of trust; or
- 13.2.4. penalties

14. Administration of Trust

14.1. Sole and ancillary purposes of the Trust

- b) The Trustee must hold the Trust Fund in each Accounting Period on trust and pay or apply all or any part of the Trust Fund solely for the purposes for which the Trust was established and as otherwise provided for by this Deed.
- c) In discharging the Trustee's obligations pursuant to clause 9 the Trustee must distribute only to Eligible Entities.
- d) The operation of clause 9 does not preclude the Trustee from applying any part of the Trust Fund for an ancillary purpose unless that application amounts to a breach of the terms of the Trust, or would prejudice the Trust's status as a Charitable Trust or DGR.

- e) For the purpose of this clause, 'ancillary purpose' includes an incidental purpose and means a purpose that is necessary or desirable:
- 1) to achieve the charitable purpose of the Trust set out in clause 1.2; or
 - 2) so that the Trust complies with any legal requirements promulgated from time to time for managing Public Ancillary Funds.

14.2 Portability

Subject to the agreement of the Commissioner and if permitted by the Public ancillary fund guidelines, and notwithstanding clause 6.3, the Trustee may pay or apply the Trust Fund or any part of it to or for a Private ancillary fund, or to or for another Public ancillary fund, provided:

- a) the trusts of the Private ancillary fund or other Public ancillary fund are limited to trusts for the provision of money, property or benefits to or for Eligible Entities, or the establishment of Eligible Entities.
- (b) the distribution will not breach any other provision of this Deed;
- (c) payment or application is permitted by any legal requirements promulgated from time to time for managing Public Ancillary Funds.; and
- (d) the agreement of the Commissioner has been obtained in writing.

14.3 General Management Obligations

The Trustee must manage the Trust subject to:

- a) the relevant Queensland law governing the Public Trustee and Trustees generally including the Trusts Act 1973 (Qld);
- b) the obligations imposed upon trustees of Charitable Trusts at law and in equity;
- c) ITAA 97,
- d) any legal requirements promulgated from time to time for managing Public Ancillary Funds as DGRs, and
- e) the terms of this Trust.

15 Returns, and giving material to the Commissioner in compliance with Australian law and the Relevant Law

15.1 Returns

- a) If required by law or by the Commissioner to do so, the Trustee must give to the Commissioner a return for each financial year within the period required by the Commissioner.
- b) The company must provide to the Department responsible for the administration of the Register of Cultural Organisations statistical information on the gifts made to the public fund every 6 months.
- c) It must not pay any of its profits or financial surplus, or give any of its property, to its members, beneficiaries, controllers or owners (as appropriate).
- d) The company must comply with any rules that the Treasury Minister or the Minister for the Arts make to ensure that gifts made to the public fund will only be used for the company's principal purpose.

15.2 Requirements about giving material to the Commissioner

The Trustee must comply with the requirements about giving material to the Commissioner required by Subdivision 388 of Schedule 1 to the TAA 53 and the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

15.3 Valuation

The market value of the assets of the Trust Fund must be estimated as required by the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

15.4 Trustee to keep accounts

The Trustee must keep or cause to be kept proper accounts in respect of all receipts and payments on account of the Trust Fund and of all dealings connected with the Trust Fund and must comply with the record keeping obligations of deductible gift recipients required by Subdivision 382-B of Schedule 1 to the TAA 53 and the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

15.5 Financial statements

As soon as practicable after the end of each financial year the Treasurer on behalf of the Trustee must prepare or cause to be prepared a financial statement showing the financial position of the Trust Fund at the end of that financial year in accordance with the accounting standards.

15.6 Audit or Review

- 15.6.1 Each financial year, the Trustee must arrange for an audit of the financial statements and compliance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines by the Trust and the Trustee by a person registered as a Company Auditor in accordance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines.
- 15.6.2 Notwithstanding subclause 10.6(a), if permitted by the Public ancillary fund guidelines for a particular financial year, the Trustee may instead of an audit arrange for a review of the financial statements and compliance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines by the Trust and the Trustee by a registered company auditor or an individual who is taken to be a registered company auditor for the purposes of section 324BE of the *Corporations Act 2001*.
- 15.6.3 The audit or review must be finalised before the date on which the Trustee is required to give a return to the Commissioner for the relevant financial year.

15.7 Receipts

- 15.7.1 The Trust must issue valid receipts for any money, gift or capital received for the principal purpose.
- 15.7.2 Receipts must state the information required by section 30-228 of the ITAA 97 and the Public ancillary fund guidelines.
- 15.7.3 The following amounts must be credited to a gift fund:
 - 1) all gifts of money or property made for the principal purpose of the fund, authority or institution, including
 - a) testamentary gifts (that is, gifts made under a will)
 - b) gifts that are tax deductible for the donor
 - c) distributions from other charities or DGRs, if made for the principal purpose
 - d) the whole amount of deductible contributions made to a fundraising event staged to raise funds for the principal purpose

- 2) money received because of these gifts and deductible contributions, including
 - a) proceeds from the sale of gifted property
 - b) investment returns from money or property that continues to be part of the gift fund.

15.8 Investment strategy

- 15.8.1 The Trustee must prepare and maintain an investment strategy in a written form which enables the Trustee, an auditor or the Commissioner to determine whether the Trustee has complied with and is complying with the Public ancillary fund guidelines and other Australian laws.
- 15.8.2 The Trustee must implement the investment strategy and make investment decisions in accordance with the investment strategy.

16 Board and Advisory Committees

16.1 Board and Advisory Committee

- 16.1.1 The Trustee must establish and appoint a Board and may establish any other Advisory Committee that the Trustee thinks fit. The Trustee may also promulgate charters for the conduct of such bodies, remove, or make provision for the appointment and removal of, members.
- 16.1.2 The number of persons constituting the Board shall be not less than three, one of whom will be a Treasurer of the fund for accounting purposes.
- 16.1.3 The Board and any other Advisory Committee established will operate pursuant to the charter prescribed by the Trustee for it from time to time.
- 16.1.4 No member of the Board or any other Advisory Committee established shall be paid any remuneration for his or her services as a member.
- 16.1.5 In exercising discretions under this Deed for the payment or application of the Trust Fund pursuant to sub clause 6.2 and 12 the Trustee shall consider any recommendations of the Board.
- 16.1.6 The functions of each Board and Committee member will be decided by the Trustee and, subject to the Trustee's decision, will be to advise the Trustee on how payments or applications of income and capital should be made.
- 16.1.7 The Trustee may specify:
 - 16.1.7.1 the manner in which proceedings of each member are to be conducted;
 - 16.1.7.2 the matters which the member must have regard to in carrying out its functions; and
 - 16.1.7.3 any other matters concerning the member or its functions that the Trustee decides.

17 Amending the Trust Deed

17.1 General

The Trustee may by deed revoke, add to or vary any of the provisions of this deed, so long as:

- 17.1.1 no part of the Trust Fund becomes subject to any trusts other than trusts for the provision of money, property or benefits to or for Eligible Entities; and
- 17.1.2 unless the Commissioner consents to the revocation, addition or variation:
 - 17.1.2.1 no amendment is made to clause 1, or is made materially affecting clauses 6, 9, or the definition of Trust Fund in clause 2.1;
 - 17.1.2.2 no amendment is made that is contrary to the requirements of, or would result in the Trust not complying with, the Public ancillary fund guidelines; and
 - 17.1.2.3 no amendment is made to this clause 17 so as to permit this deed to be amended in a manner prohibited by subclauses 17.1.2.1 to 17.1.2.2; and
- 17.1.3 the Trustee notifies the Commissioner of the ACNC or the Commissioner of the amendment within 21 days in accordance with the Public ancillary fund guidelines.

18 Trustee's remuneration and expenses

The Trustee may apply the Trust Fund to:

- (a) pay fair and reasonable remuneration for the services of the Trustee in administering the Trust at a rate not exceeding 1.056% annually (GST inclusive) of the gross value of the Trust Fund; and
- (b) pay, or reimburse the Trustee for, reasonable expenses incurred as Trustee of the Trust;

but may not apply the Trust Fund for a payment of, or reimbursement for, any penalties under section 426-120 of Schedule 1 to the TAA 53.

19 General

19.1 Receipts by others

The receipt of the person purporting to be the treasurer, secretary or other proper Officer of any recipient of a payment or application of income or capital from the Trust Fund is a sufficient discharge to the Trustee and the Trustee need not see to the application of the payment or application.

19.2 Trustee's discretions and powers

Except where there is an express contrary provision in this deed, every discretion given to the Trustee is absolute and uncontrolled and every power given to it is exercisable at its absolute and uncontrolled discretion.

19.3 Personal interest of Trustee

Subject to the requirements of clause 9 and the Relevant Law, the Trustee and any Officer of the Trustee may exercise or concur in exercising all powers and discretions given by this deed or by law even though the Trustee or that person:

- 19.3.1 has or may have a direct or personal interest or a conflict of fiduciary duty in the method or result of exercising the power or discretion; or
- 19.3.2 may benefit either directly or indirectly from the exercise of any power or discretion; and even though the Trustee is a sole Trustee.

19.4 Delegation of powers

Subject to the requirements of clause 8 and the Relevant Law, the Trustee may by power of attorney or otherwise delegate to any person any of the discretions or powers given to it under this deed. The exercise of any of the discretions or powers of this deed by an attorney or delegate is valid and effectual and binds all persons interested under this deed.

19.5 Trustee's decisions

The Trustee may decide:

- 19.5.1 whether any money is to be considered as capital or income;
- 19.5.2 whether any expense, outgoing or other payment ought to be paid out of capital or income; and
- 19.5.3 all questions and matters of doubt arising in the execution of the trusts of this deed.

Every decision on these matters, whether made on a question actually raised or implied in the acts or proceedings of the Trustee, is conclusive and binds all persons interested under this deed.

20 Governing law

This deed is governed by the laws of the State of **Queensland in Australia**.

21 Execution and Date of Commencement


EXECUTION

Executed as a Deed by The Shree Sanatan Dharam Hindu Association of Qld Inc (SSDHAQ), on the 2 day of March, 2020 at Logan, Qld, Australia.

Signature 

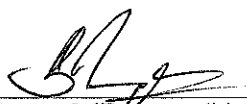
Print name ANANT RAM SHARMA

in the presence of

Signature 
Witness 1 (Responsible Person)

Print Name RAJESH GOPAL

Qualification that denotes 'Responsible Person' Solicitor

Signature 
Witness 2 (Responsible Person)

Print Name BIRENDRA SINGH

Qualification that denotes 'Responsible Person' CPA
